Viewpoint Level 2 Scope and sequence

	Functions / Topics	Grammar	Vocabulary	Conversation strategies	Speaking naturally
Unit 1 A great read pages 10–19	 Talk about types of literature, reading habits, and favorite authors. Discuss the pros and cons of reading and writing blogs. Analyze and interpret a poem. 	Use auxiliary verbs, to, one, and ones to avoid repeating words and phrases.	Idiomatic expressions for understanding (I can't make heads or tails of it) and remembering (It's on the tip of my tongue) Synonyms (enduring - lasting)	 Use stressed auxiliary verbs (do, does) before main verbs to add emphasis. Use if so to mean "if this is true", and if not to mean "if this is not true." 	Stressing auxiliaries for emphasis page 138
Unit 2 Technology pages 20–29	 Talk about technology and its impact on your life. Discuss the issue of privacy vs. security. Evaluate the pros and cons of modern conveniences. Discuss how you respond to new technologies. 	 Add information to nouns with different types of expressions. Use two-part conjunctions like either or to combine ideas. 	• Compound adjectives to describe technology (high-speed, energy-efficient) • Suffixes (innovation, radical)	 Use adverbs like predictably and apparently to express what you predict, expect, etc. Emphasize that something is impossible with can't / couldn't possibly. 	• Stress in noun phrases page 138
Unit 3 Society pages 30–39	 Talk about different social pressures that you and others face. Discuss the challenges of starting college and other new experiences. Discuss how children put pressure on parents. Evaluate gender differences in language. 	 Use participle clauses to link events and add information about time or reason. Add emphasis with so that, such that, even, and only. 	Expressions with take (take advantage of, take credit for) Synonyms (often – frequently; show – reveal)	 Express a contrasting view with expressions like having said that and then again. Use even so and even then to introduce a contrasting idea. 	• Stress in expressions of contrast page 139
	C	heckpoint 1 Units	1–3 pages 40–41		
Unit 4 Amazing world pages 42–51	 Talk about the natural world. Present information about a member of the animal kingdom. Consider the impact that humans have on nature. 	 Use future perfect forms to talk about the past in the future. Use prepositions and prepositional phrases to 	Expressions to describe the behavior of wildlife (hibernate, predator) Suffixes with -able (remarkable, yellichle)	 Use expressions like What's more to add and focus on new ideas. Use in any case and in any event to strengthen arguments and reach 	• Stress in adding expressions page 139

valuable)

conclusions.

phrases to

combine ideas.

Listening	Reading	Writing	Vocabulary notebook	Grammar extra
 The blogosphere A presenter shares statistics about blogging. My interpretation is Someone gives an interpretation of a poem. 	A brief history of poetry • An article about different types of poetry through history	 Write a review of a book you have enjoyed. Describe, evaluate, and recommend a book. Coordinate adjectives. Avoid errors with yet. 	Heads or tails Think of situations when you can use certain idioms.	 More on auxiliary verbs to avoid repetition too, either, so, neither, and (to) do so More on using to to avoid repeating verb phrases More on one lones to avoid repeating countable nouns pages 144–145
Privacy or convenience? • Two friends discuss privacy and fingerprinting. How do you multitask? • Three conversations about multitasking	As technology changes, so do adoption life cycles. • An article about the willingness of consumers to invest in new technology	 Write a report about Internet use. Describe graphs, charts, and tables. Describe and compare statistics. Avoid errors with as can be seen, etc. 	High-tech gadgets Use compound adjectives with nouns to say something true about your life.	 Adjectives after nouns Negative phrases after nouns More on two-part conjunctions Two-part conjunctions with phrases and clauses pages 146–147
It's an issue Two people discuss the challenges when kids become more independent. Language and gender A professor introduces a course on language and gender.	Spring semester courses in Language and Society • Course outlines of classes about language and society	 Write an evaluation of a course. Plan and write an evaluative report. Express results in writing. Avoid errors with therefore. 	Take credit! • Write sentences that paraphrase the meaning of new expressions.	 Clauses with prepositions and conjunctions + -ing Passive forms of participle and time clauses More on so and such More on even and only pages 148–149
	Check	point 1 Units 1–3 pa	ages 40–41	
The Antarctic • An expert answers questions about Antarctica. The genius of the natural world • A presenter shares ideas about how biomimicry could solve problems.	How nature inspires science – a look at some notable inventions • An article about how nature inspires innovation	 Write a persuasive essay about an environmental concern. Use academic prepositions and impersonal one. Avoid errors with upon. 	Golden eggs • Notice the use of specialized vocabulary in general English or in idioms.	 More on the future perfect The future perfect for predictions and assumptions Formal prepositional expressions More on the fact that; prepositions + perfect forms pages 150-151

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Unit 5 Progress pages 52–61	 Talk about inventions, progress, and human achievements. Evaluate the motivation of people who are driven to perform dangerous feats. Discuss the pros and cons of research. Discuss inventions and innovations. 	Use adverbs with continuous and perfect forms of the passive. Use past modals with the passive.	More formal adjectives (obsolete, portable) Adjectives into nouns (convenient – convenience; easy – ease)	Use expressions like Let's put it this way to make a point. Use expressions like Maybe (not), Absolutely (not), and Not necessarily in responses.	• Stress in expressions page 140
Unit 6 Business studies pages 62–71	 Talk about business and retail. Consider the motivations behind shopping habits. Evaluate the benefits of online and instore shopping. Present the advantages of big business and small business. 	 Use relative clauses that begin with pronouns or prepositions. Use some, any, other, others, and another to refer to people and things. 	Verbs that mean attract and deter (entice, discourage) Adjectives (malicious, vulnerable)	Use negative and tag questions to persuade others of your point of view. Use granted to concede points.	Prepositions in relative clauses page 140
	Cl	neckpoint 2 Units	4–6 pages 72–73		
Unit 7 Relationships pages 74–83	 Talk about relationships, marriage, and family life. Discuss the most important issues to consider before getting married. Talk about the best ways to meet people. Evaluate the pros and cons of monitoring family members. 	 Use conditional sentences without if to hypothesize. Use wh-clauses as subjects and objects. 	Binomial expressions with and, or, but (give and take, sooner or later, slowly but surely) Building synonyms (see – perceive; improve – enhance)	 Use expressions like in the end and in a word to summarize or finish your points. Use then and in that case to draw a conclusion from something someone said. 	• Binomial pairs page 141
Unit 8 History pages 84–93	 Talk about people and events in history. Determine what makes a historical event "world-changing." Talk about the importance of one's family history. 	 Use the perfect infinitive to refer to past time. Use cleft sentences beginning with It to focus on certain nouns, phrases, and clauses. 	Adjective antonyms (lasting – temporary; superficial – profound) Metaphors (sift, bring to life)	Use expressions like Let's not go there to avoid talking about a topic. Respond with That's what I'm saying to focus on your viewpoint.	Saying perfect infinitives page 141

Listening	Reading	Writing	Vocabulary notebook	Grammar extra
Kristen Ulmer – a world-class extreme skier • A reporter relates her conversation with Kristen Ulmer. What's the point of research? • Two people discuss the benefits and drawbacks of research.	Invention: inspired thinking or accidental discovery? • An article about how inventions come about	 Write an opinion essay about technological progress. Compare and contrast arguments. Use it clauses + passive to say what people think. Avoid errors with affect and effect. 	Old or ancient? • Learn synonyms to express basic concepts in formal writing.	 Adverbs in present and past passive verb phrases Adverbs in perfect verb phrases Adverbs and past modal verb phrases Questions with passive past modals pages 152–153
 Too good to be true? Four consumer experts talk about special promotions. The top threats A business expert discusses the risks of running a business. 	Data leakage – Are you protected? • An article about keeping a business's information secure	 Write a report on data security. Use modals to avoid being too assertive and to make recommendations. Use expressions to describe cause (<i>This may be the result of</i>). Avoid errors with can and could. 	It's tempting. • Write word family charts.	 Pronouns and numbers in relative clauses Nouns in relative clauses other, every other, other than More on another pages 154–155
	Check	point 2 Units 4–6 pa	ages 72–73	
Bringing up baby? • A student talks about his experience with a "baby simulator." Keeping tabs on the family • A family counselor discusses using technology to keep track of family members.	Technology – is it driving families apart? • An article about how technology impacts family dynamics	 Write a magazine article about how to enhance friendships. Express number and amount with expressions like a number of, a great deal of. Avoid errors with a number of, etc. Use expressions like affect, have an effect on to describe effects. 	Now or never • Use expressions in sentences that are personally meaningful.	More on inversions More on what clauses what clauses with passive verbs and modals in writing pages 156–157

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Unit 9 Engineering wonders pages 94–103	 Talk about feats, challenges, and developments in engineering. Evaluate the priorities in research and development. Discuss the usefulness of robots. 	Use -ever words in talking about unknown people or things. Use negative adverbs (never, not only) + inversion to start a sentence for emphasis.	Vocabulary of engineering projects (erect, install) Verbs (interact, determine)	Use expressions like given or considering to introduce facts that support your opinions. Emphasize negative phrases with at all and whatsoever.	• Intonation of background information page 142
	Ch	eckpoint 3 Units 7	–9 pages 104–105		
Unit 10 Current events pages 106–115	Talk about the news, who reports it, and how. Discuss if speed or accuracy is more important in news reporting. Evaluate how much you trust what you hear or read in the news.	 Use continuous infinitive forms to report events in progress. Use the subjunctive to describe what should happen, what is important, and to refer to demands and recommendations. 	Noun and verb collocations (undergo surgery, contain an oil spill) Vocabulary to express truth or fiction (verify, fabricate)	Highlight topics by putting them at the start or end of what you say. Use this and these to highlight information and that and those to refer to known information.	• Stress and intonation page 142
Unit 11 Is it real? pages 116–125	 Talk about whether information is true or not. Consider how you would handle an emergency. Talk about white lies and if they're ever acceptable. Discuss if art forgers are still true artists. 	Use be to to refer to fixed or hypothetical future events. Use passive verb complements.	• Idioms and phrasal verbs with turn (turn over a new leaf, turn around) • Words in context (lucrative, laborious)	Use expressions like That doesn't seem right to express concerns. Use to me, to her, etc. to introduce an opinion.	• Stress in longer idioms page 143

Unit 12

Psychology pages 126–135

- Talk about being independent, the psychology of attraction, and the brain.
- Discuss the differences between online and in-person relationships.
- Discuss stereotypes.
- t being
 ent, the
 gy of
 , and the

 Use objects +
 -ing forms after
 prepositions
 and verbs.
 - Use reflexive pronouns
 including to add emphasis
 and each other / one another.
- Phrasal verbs (go by, pick up on)
- Expressions with be, do, go, have, take (be close to, have to do with)
- Use expressions like I can see it from both sides and by the same token.
- Use to put it + adverb to indicate your meaning behind an opinion.
- Stress with reflexive pronouns
 page 143

Checkpoint 4 Units 10-12 pages 136-137

Listening	Reading	Writing	Vocabulary notebook	Grammar extra
Other amazing feats Three documentaries describe marvels of engineering. Is she for real? A radio interview about a robot.	Robots • An article about the widespread use of robots in society	 Write an essay about whether robots can replace humans. Express alternatives. Avoid errors with would rather / rather than. 	How do you do it? • Ask yourself questions using new vocabulary.	 whatever, whichever, and whoever as subjects and objects Patterns with however and whatever More on inversion Inversion with modals and in passive sentences pages 160–161
	Check	point 3 Units 7–9 pa	ges 104–105	
Journalism • A guest on a radio program discusses trends in journalism.	Establishing the truth: How accurate are news reports? • An article about issues in news reporting	 Summarize an article. Use subject-verb agreement. Avoid subject-verb agreement errors in relative clauses. 	Trust your instincts • Find multiple verbs that collocate with the same noun.	 Simple vs. continuous infinitives More on perfect continuous infinitives More on the subjunctive The subjunctive and conditional sentences pages 162–163
Online lies • Two friends talk about the lies that people tell about themselves online. Fakes of art! • A radio program profiles artist John Myatt.	Authenticating art • An article about the techniques used to identify art forgeries	 Write an essay about fake designer goods. Share your views and those of others. Use academic conjunctions and adverbs. Avoid errors with provided that. 	Use it or lose it. • Use new vocabulary in imaginary conversations with a friend.	 More on be to; be due to, be meant to be to for orders and instructions More on passive perfect infinitives would rather pages 164–165
"Helicopter" parents • A mother and son talk about overprotective parents. Understanding the brain – outcomes • Four professionals lecture about the impact of brain research on their fields.	The developing brain • An article about how brain development relates to behavior	Write a report using statistics. Compare statistics. Use expressions like twice as likely, four times more often. Avoid errors with twice.	Pick and choose • Create a thesaurus.	Common verbs, adjectives, and nouns + object + -ing More on reflexive pronouns Referring to unknown people pages 166–167

Checkpoint 4 Units 10-12 pages 136-137